Norval Morriseau



Copper Thunderbird

Who was he?

- •Born 1931, Thunder Bay, Ontario
- •Died 2007
- First Nations Affiliation:Ojibway
- •self-taught painter
- World famous Canadian painter



Biography

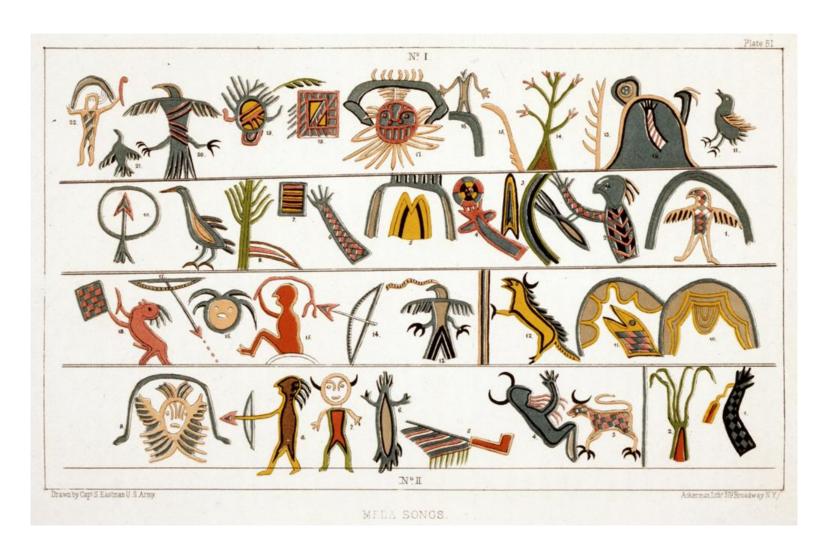
- Lived in a residential school from ages 6-8
- At age 19 he was renamed Copper Thunderbird when he became ill

•His paintings were initially criticized in the Native community for its disclosure of traditional spiritual knowledge, previously passed down <u>orally</u>

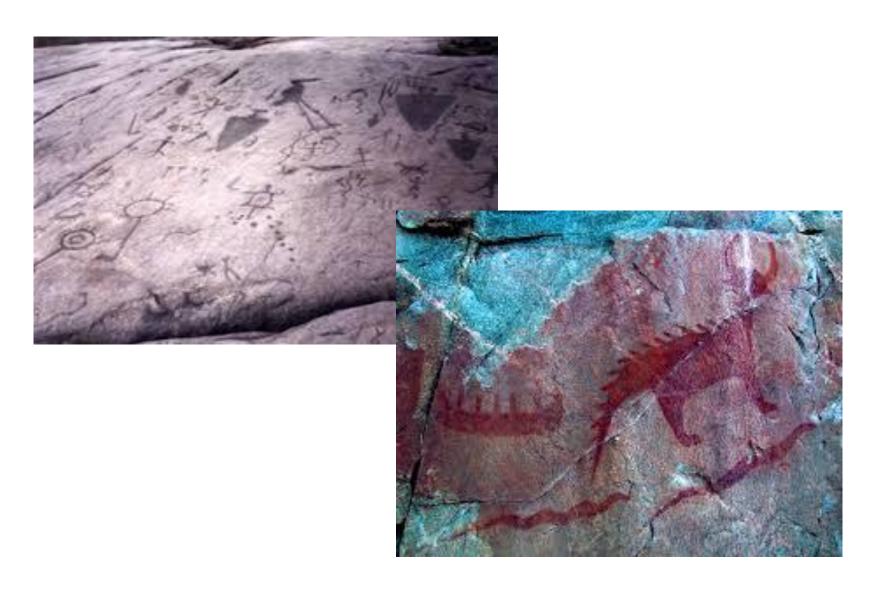
Biography Continued

- •founder of the Woodland Indian School of Art (today called the Anishnaabe art)
- A member of The Royal Canadian Academy of Arts
- •He revitalized *Anishnaabe* petroglyphs, traditionally painted on rocks and birchbark scrolls
- •In 1962 Morrisseau was the first Aboriginal artist to have work shown in a contemporary art gallery (the Pollock Gallery in Toronto)

Anishinaabe petroglyphs



Anishinaabe petroglyphs



Honours

- •Order of Canada (C.M.) in 1978
- •honourary doctorates from *McGill and McMaster Universities in* 1980
- Only Canadian painter asked to display in at the Pompidou in Paris in 1989
- Only Aboriginal artist to have a show at the National Gallery of Canada in 2006

Characteristics of his paintings

- •images of shamen, spirit guides, and animals
- Colourful
- •figurative images lined with heavy black contour lines
- bright, stylized
- Bands of colour around each shape
- •2- dimensional

Signature

- Jean-Baptiste Norman Henry Morrisseau
- •signs his work in Cree –

And his his Anishnaabe name

Early work

•The subjects of his art in the early period were myths and traditions of the Anishnaabe people

 Often created on birch bark and moose hide

•images similar to the petroglyphs



Spirit Bear





Bear Medicine Healing



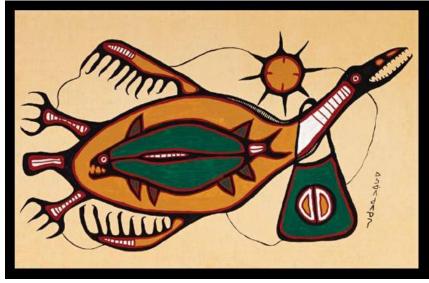


Butter

Beliefs

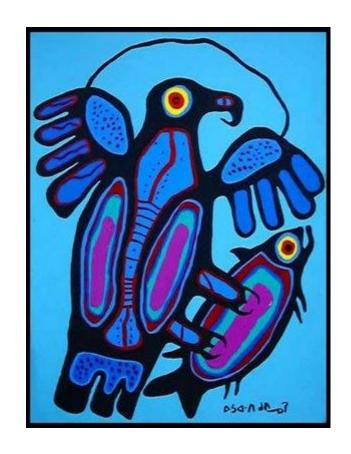
• "My paintings are icons, that is to say, they are images which help focus on spiritual powers, generated by traditional belief and wisdom."





Later style

- •His style changed:
- •he used more standard material and the colors became progressively brighter, eventually obtaining a neon-like brilliance













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•The themes also moved from traditional myth to depicting his own personal struggles



Shaman and Disciples, 1979



Androgyny, 1983



Psychic Space, 1996



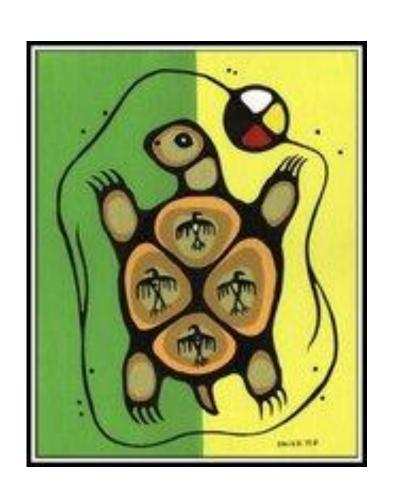
Observations of the Astral World (1994)



Fakes and Forgories

- •Norval Morrisseau Heritage Society (NMHS) is currently compiling a database of his paintings to discredit many prevalent Morrisseau forgeries
- http://www.canada.com/o ttawacitizen/news/story.ht ml?id=cd2fa8b4-6a94-4294-9a49-2c3f9ee059f6&p=1
- •More than ten sworn declarations were directed to at least seven dealers and galleries during 1993-2007, requesting that fake and forged works be removed or destroyed

What is the difference?





Thoughts?

- •How does the fact that there are so many forgeries of Morrisseau's work, affect your research of his paintings?
- •What are some clues as to when his paintings were created?



Painting Order

•#1. Paint the background

•#2. Draw in the outline of your animal (lightly!!)

•#3. Paint the entire animal black

Painting Order

- •#4. Paint the larger circles/shapes
- -If you select yellow you will need at least 2 coats

•#5. Paint the inside colour in the large shapes, leaving a space around the edge for a border

#6. Complete any touch ups and sign your name



Things to Consider

- •How will you sign your name?
- What colours will you choose?
- Where would complimentary colours look the best?

- •Will you add a border?
- •How many animals will you choose?

•How will the animals be connected?